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National Intelligence Daily Cable for Tuesday, March 1, 1977.

The NID Cable is for the purpose of informing senior US officials.

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NDA: Situation Report	
According to Radio Uganda, President Amin asserted ay that the Americans are free to go anywhere they like, ide or outside Uganda.	
The Ugandan charge in Washington, who has taken a axed position throughout the affair, also has asserted that citizens in Uganda were free to leave the country whenever y wished.	
Amin's second postponement of his meeting with the ricans may be the result of problems in organizing the meet, a further effort by Amin to garner more international attion for the session, or Amin's growing preoccupation with own internal troubles.	
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< 1	Amin, who repeatedly links the US and Israel in his bombastic speeches, has publicly drawn a connection between the invasion he alleges the US is planning and the Israeli rescue operation.
1	On the other hand, Amin, citing similar meetings he has had with other expatriate communities, has publicly reiterated assurances that the US citizens are in no danger and that he only wants to express his gratitude for their service in Uganda. Amin met with several US employees of Ugandan airlines yesterday and praised them for their contribution to Uganda. Amin has also acknowledged receipt of messages from several African and Arab heads of state by assuring them of the safety of the US citizens.
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< 1	A Tass broadcast criticizing the US naval presence in the Indian Ocean alleges that the US fleet is threatening East African countries, including Uganda. This is the first public Soviet comment on the current situation in Uganda, but it appears to have been added to the article as an after—thought. The brief comment stops short of defending Amin's action against Americans in Uganda but it does imply that they are not being detained.
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plied fig system. S first act	//If Cuban military personnel are in Kampala, their likely to include flying and maintaining Soviet-supther aircraft and setting up and manning an air defense setting up an air defense system was also one of the livities the Cubans undertook in Angola. The Ugandans ave some antiaircraft artillery.//
The Cubar In the Uo	Since opening an embassy in Kampala a little over a Cuba has demonstrated mounting interest in Uganda. Is probably hope to establish a broad range of contacts and an military, which would leave them in a good positiveless of Amin's tenure in office.
current f canking m Cabrera	//The first sign of possible military coopera- een the two countries came in late Januarybefore the erment in Uganda. The Cubans sent an unusually high- cilitary officerDeputy Armed Forces Minister Francisco to head the delegation to the sixth anniversary of the litary government.
this visi	According to a press report, another Cuban military n visited Uganda early last week. We cannot confirm t, but a Cuban delegation led by Division General Aroa-who heads Cuba's Western Army-arrived in Ethiopia ry 23 and may have been proceeding from Uganda. Ochoa used by the Cubans in the past to arrange military aid

CHINA-USSR: Ilichev Goes Home The chief Soviet negotiator at the Sino-Soviet border talks, Deputy Foreign Minister Leonid Ilichev, left China for home yesterday following three months of apparently fruitless talks. He was seen off by his Chinese counterpart, Vice Foreign Minister Yu Chan. There had been speculation in Peking for several weeks that Ilichev would leave soon because of the lack of progress in the talks. He is scheduled to accompany Soviet President Podgorny on a visit to Africa in mid-March. Ilichev arrived in Peking last November after an absence of 18 months, the longest since the talks began in October 1969. The Soviets seemed pleased with widespread press speculation that his return to Peking signaled imminent progress in the long-stalemated border issue. The speculation was based largely on the fact that Ilichev's return came soon after Mao Tse-tung's death and the purge of China's leading leftists. The Chinese, on the other hand, were quick to point out that they expected little from Ilichev's return. They frequently reiterated their major foreign policy objectives, one of which is firm opposition to what they see as Soviet "expansionism." Privately, the Chinese told foreign officials in Peking that the Soviet negotiator brought no meaningful new proposals to the table and that Chinese attitudes on the border issue remained as firm as ever. China also asserted that the USSR's positive characterizations of the talks were intended for Washington's benefit.

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	INTERNATIONAL: Eurocommunism

Leaders of three "Eurocommunist" parties--Berlinguer of Italy, Marchais of France, and Carrillo of Spain--are planning a two-day summit meeting in Madrid beginning Wednesday. Their intention apparently is to meet privately and then hold a press conference. They have not asked the Spanish government's permission, and Madrid may still try to prevent the meeting.

The main purpose of the meeting is to highlight the position of the Spanish party, which is waiting for the supreme court to rule on its legal status before the legislative election this spring. In addition, the three leaders almost certainly will discuss dissidence and political repression in the USSR and Eastern Europe. They may not take a public stand on this issue. If they do, none seems likely to diverge much from the positions he has taken in the past.

//The Soviet and Czechoslovak regimes are already annoyed by persistent criticism from the West European communist parties. The Soviets may fear that the summit will strengthen the concept of Eurocommunism and that it will give dissidents the idea that their struggle is backed by a regional center of Western communists
Each of the three parties has some compelling domestic reasons for repeating their past criticisms of the USSR. The Spanish party wants to remind the supreme court both that it has no formal ties to the USSR and that it has long been the most outspoken Western party in criticizing the Soviets. The French party, facing a crucial election next year, is trying hard to erase its reputation as the most pro-Soviet party in the West. The Italian party is under constant challenge from Christian Democrats and Socialists to prove that it has also broken its ties with Moscow.
//At the same time, the Italians have no intention of courting trouble either with Moscow or with the minority of Italian Communists who are still uncritically pro-Soviet. Top party leaders draw a careful distinction between individual instances of repression and the Eastern brand of communism, refusing to admit that repression is a product of the system. Gianni Cervetti, a Berlinguer lieutenant, recently promised Soviet leaders that Italian party handling of the civil liberties question would be restrained.//
Although Marchais has been making headlines by criticizing Prague's handling of the Charter 77 human rights advocates, the French party leadership has also clearly underlined the distinction between single cases of repression and the system.
Both Italian and French communists admit that they cannot give up the idea that the establishment of the Soviet state and system was a landmark in history. They are likely to hold to this line, whatever problems it may cause. Indeed, despite their immediate problems with Soviet policy, they consider that Soviet power is a long-range factor working in their favor. It is not certain that Carrillo shares this view.

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25X1 Carrillo, in fact, is under intense domestic pressure to demonstrate his party's independence from the Soviets with a strong condemnation of Soviet and East European repression. 25X1 25X1 Carrillo has admitted that he cannot predict what Marchais and Berlinguer will agree to put into the communique, but by making his own views clear in advance he probably hopes to gain credit even if the other leaders soft-pedal the issue. Other Spanish communists have also reportedly been making it a point to speak harshly of the USSR and even to question whether the Soviet system can be described as socialist. 25X1 Thus the Madrid summit can be expected to produce a restatement of views already set down at bilateral meetings of party leaders. It will exploit the symbolism of Eurocommunism, an appelation that the Western parties evidently find useful and that disturbs the Soviets. Beyond this, no challenge to Moscow is likely. 25X1 For their part, the Soviets clearly would prefer not 25X1 to aggravate their quarrel with the Western parties and are unlikely to pick a fight so long as the latter avoid direct criticism of Moscow. SOUTH KOREA: Anticipating Dissidence 25X1 ~ //The South Korean government will probably soon face the delicate problem of how to respond to a renewal of protest activity by political dissidents.// 25X1 //Today is the anniversary of the founding of the Korean independence movement against the Japanese occupa-

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tion and of the protest in Myongdong Cathedral last year. Early

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now bac trols : appears	nt resumption cking off fro it began late s to be a war	of protest a om the selection last year. I	activity, th ive relaxati Pak's toughe idents that	head off any sig- e Pak government on of political or r stance recently turmoil will not
statement fairly ure 9,	demonstrate ents by top o harsh court the 1975 law	ors include a officials, sor sentences for that include	series of t me by Pak hi r violators es bans agai	s taken to warn pough law-and-ordenself; several of Emergency Meanst the spreading ent constitution

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doe tic	//In general, Pak's somewhat harder line now es not preclude additional easing of controls if the situa- on remains fairly calm over the next two months or so.
JA	APAN - SOUTH KOREA: Relations
hi Ja	The South Korean government seems convinced that the gh officials it sent to Japan in February helped to shore up apanese support for South Korea.
pr mo po	South Korea's major objective in sending the foreign inister, the speaker of the National Assembly, and former time minister Kim Chong-pil to Japan apparently was to obtain ore forthright assurances from the Japanese that Tokyo is opposed to early US troop withdrawals from Korea. The South Koreas were dissatisfied with diffident Japanese public statements in the issue during Vice President Mondale's visit to Tokyo.

25X1	The South Koreans were also pleased with the generally supportive approach taken by Japanese members of the South Korea - Japan Parliamentarians Association and by what they see as an improvement in the tone of Tokyo's press coverage of Korea.	
25X1	Neither South Korea nor Japan has illusions about the prospects for smooth relations in the future. Many problems remain; they include Tokyo's slowness in ratifying the South	25 . 1
25X1 25X1	Korea - Japan Continental Shelf Agreement, and Seoul's wariness of Japa- nese gestures toward North Korea.	25X1
	EL SALVADOR: Post-Election Trouble	25X1
25X1	Violence broke out early yesterday when Salvadoran army troops and police cleared demonstrators out of San Salvador's main plaza. Three youths were killed and several persons injured.	
25X1	The demonstrators, mostly youths, were protesting the outcome of the presidential election of February 20. They had occupied the plaza since Thursday, and at one time attracted a crowd of 50,000 people.	
25X1	Supporters of the defeated candidate, Colonel Ernesto Claramount, charge that the government rigged the election by padding the voter rolls and stuffing ballot boxes. The government did in fact tamper with the election results, but probably would have won anyway.	
25X1	General Carlos Romero, the candidate of the ruling conservative National Conciliation Party, was declared the winner with some 68 percent of the vote. Claramount, who had been leading the demonstrations—vowing at one point to continue until the government met his demand for a new election—left the country for Costa Rica yesterday.	
25X1	The government declared a 30-day state of siege yesterday, which limits political meetings and rallies. The declaration and recent retirement declared a 30-day state of siege yesterday, which limits political meetings and rallies. The dec-	,

laration, and recent actions by the army and police, will

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,	probably put an end to further large demonstrations, but lingering unrest aggravated by the three killings could spark more trouble. There is virtually no chance that the government will accede to demands for a new election.
,	ANGOLA-ZAIRE: Relations
25X1	President Neto of Angola appears to have no intention of improving relations with Zaire as long as he is faced with a serious insurgency.
25X1	Despite President Mobutu's announcement in early January that he was recognizing Neto's government, and despite Zairian steps to reduce support sharply for Angolan dissident groups, both Neto and his foreign minister have in the past two weeks criticized Zaire for permitting Angola's enemies to operate from bases inside Zaire. Neto recently accused the US of sending soldiers to Zaire to prepare for a military attack on Angola.
25X1	While Mobutu says he is not worried, Neto's strong antipathy for him, stemming from the Angolan civil war, remains a barrier to better relations. In addition, relations will be strained by the insurgency in Angola, which will continue for some time, no matter what Mobutu does to prevent help from reaching the insurgents from Zaire.
25X1	All three insurgent groups, the Cabindan guerrillas, Holden Roberto's National Front, and Jonas Savimbi's National Union, could probably continue their present levels of activity. Savimbi's group in particular has recently enhanced its effectiveness at shutting down the Benguela railroad.
25X1	Neto may believe he has to accuse Zaire of backing the guerrillas in order to avoid acknowledging his inability to put down the insurgency. 25X1

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	MOROCCO-OAU: Relations
25X1	Morocco's decision to suspend participation in all the activities of the Organization of African Unity will hamper its efforts to prevent OAU consideration of the Western Sahara problem.
25X1	Moroccan Foreign Minister Laraki declared on Friday that Rabat's action was a protest against the dissemination by the OAU of a report charging Morocco and Gabon with complicity in the abortive coup in Benin on January 16. Morocco was also protesting the attendance at a recent OAU ministerial meeting of representatives of the Polisario Front, the group that is carrying on insurgency against Moroccan and Mauritanian control in Western Sahara.
25X1	The Benin report was the principal reason for the Moroccan action. A senior Foreign Ministry official privately told US diplomats that Morocco had been prepared to limit its protest of Polisario presence at the meeting to boycotting the opening session. He emphasized that the Moroccan action does not constitute withdrawal from the OAU.
25X1	The Moroccans apparently believe that neither their action nor the Benin report will have much effect on Algeria's effort to win sympathy on the Western Sahara issue. The official noted that Mauritania would defend Moroccan interests with regard to Western Sahara in the OAU.
25X1	The Moroccans probably are over-optimistic. Algeria will certainly exploit the Benin report in its efforts to press its case on the Western Sahara and to portray Morocco as linked to "imperialism." While Algeria has been unable to promote much enthusiasm for the Polisario cause among the Black African states, sensitivity to outside interference in African affairs could lead some states to reassess their positions on the West-
25X1	ern Sahara.

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